

ECONOMICAL DETERMINANTS OF A SOCIAL STATE

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THE SPECIFICS OF POLITICAL AND STATE MECHANISMS OF ECONOMY REGULATION IN PRESENT-DAY RUSSIA

The article is about the Russian system of the political and state mechanisms of economy regulation in the post-Soviet period, the topics being analysed by economic politology. The author suggests the theoretic concept of research of the above-mentioned mechanisms as well as defines the notion of political and state mechanisms; gives the main scientific theories determining the research logics; determines the properties of the political and state mechanisms as political tools that allow to implement the government interests; shows the specifics of the mechanisms used by the government in the economy sphere; defines basic and specific political and state mechanisms. The author describes the socio-political determinants, the stages of the mechanisms development and their structure in present-day Russia, also the state of the mechanisms and the perspectives of their development are evaluated. The political organisational mechanisms and political legal mechanics of the Russian economy regulation are regarded as basic elements of the above-mentioned system. The privatisation, government activities in the stock market and government-owned corporations are regarded as specific elements. In conclusion the author formulates a proposal on the development of the existing system of the political and state mechanisms of the Russian economy regulation.

Key words: *economic politology, national policy, economics, post-Soviet period, the political and state mechanisms, political organisational mechanisms, political legal mechanics, privatisation, government-owned corporations, stock market.*

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SOME PROBLEMS OF THE DISMANTLING OF SOCIALISM IN CONTEMPORARY RUSSIA

In this article the authors make an attempt to impartially assess the problem of certain aspects of social reorganization in Russia initiated by the October Socialist Revolution. Noting the epoch-making significance of the Soviet State and the achievements of socialism both for workers and for the dynamics of the world economy, the disputable points of the necessity of the violent change of regime and socio-economic way of life undergo the analysis. The socio-political crises in the former USSR and the People's Republic of China led to the opposite results. In the first case, it led to the dissolution of the USSR and decades-long stagnation of the Russian economy. In the second case, the economic and political operations in China unified the nation over the market mechanisms, freedom of entrepreneurship and investment, openness of society, which led to the significant economic results and largely improved the well-being of people. The authors express their view of the Government attitude towards the public ownership, natural resources and the nation as a whole and pose a set of questions involving vital aspects of welfare provision and interacting with the authorities.

Key words: socialist revolution, secular authorities, ecclesiastical authority, voluntarism, dissolution of the USSR, stagnation of economy, reproduction of labor-power, petrodollars, minimum monthly wage, poverty level.

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CURRENT TRENDS OF SOCIAL PARTNERSHIP

In the context of modern development of Ukraine it is an overriding priority to effectively carry out a social dialogue. The article covers the legal, organizational, social, economic and informational mechanisms aiding the development of the social partnership. The improvement of the labour legislation is suggested. The main result of the activities is to adapt a modern labour code of Ukraine.

Key words: economic mechanism, social partnership, contract, International Labor Organization Convention, social security, labour code, workplaces, dismissal compensation.

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THE TOOLS OF LABOUR INFLUENCE IN THE PRACTICE OF THE SOCIAL SERVICES MANAGEMENT

In article the ways of developing the competence-based approach in the organizations of social service as well as the problems of transition of social institutions employees to a effective contract are considered. Article is based on the results of the complex inspection of 22 social service institutions in the Republic of Bashkortostan.

Key words: motivation, competence, social services, job compensation, effective contract.

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SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF RURAL SETTLEMENTS AS THE BASIS OF POPULATION WEALTH

The article provides an analysis of socio-economic development of rural settlements of the the Republic of Bashkortostan, the study area is selected on the basis of the stratified random sampling method and divided into units: production, economic, social, demographic. All the units data transferred in the coefficients that helped to rank the rural settlements. The author gives the summary scale of the levels that identify the social and economic development of rural settlements of municipal districts in the context of the units. The author proposes the activities on identification of growing-points and territory potential of rural settlements. In this article the social and economic development of rural settlements is the industry based on social infrastructure forming labour potential of the territory.

Key words: social and economic development, rural settlements, production unit, economic unit, social unit, demographic unit, production industry, social infrastructure, territory potential.

ECONOMICAL REGION AND STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT OF TERRITORY

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INVESTMENT ACTIVITY IN REGIONAL AGRO-INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX OF THE REPUBLIC OF TAJIKISTAN: SOME PROBLEMS AND THEIR SOLUTIONS

The authors of the article discuss the issues of improving the efficiency of investment activity in the regional agro-industrial complex of the Republic of Tajikistan. Some of the main problems hindering the development of investment in the agricultural sector in the region are regarded in detail. The ways of solving the problems of efficiency increase of the investment activity in the agricultural sector of the region by improving the regional investment policy and using the expansionary measures for strengthening the regional investment activity. The special emphasis is on such issues as regional investment policy, investment activities, the quality of regional management, coordination of interests of regional governments and potential investors, investment passivity and stimulating investment activity, tax incentives and other.

Key words: *investment activities, region, agroindustrial complex, investment policy, investment passivity, investment activity, tax incentives.*

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RUSSIAN REGION IN THE SYSTEM OF THE NATIONAL AND FEDERAL RELATIONS

Part 1 FROM ECONOMIC ASYMMETRY TO STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

Social, economic and political dismantling of the Soviet system was complicated by the transitional phase of nation-building that necessitated the search for new paradigms of the regional interactions in the national and federal relations. The main point of it is that despite the territorial and economic asymmetry of Russian regions they have a lot in common. The subjects of the Russian Federation are equal actors of the national and federal relations. The author of the article examines the potential of the regions by example of Russian national policy implementation in the system of strategic management and administration of national and federal relations.

Key words: *region, strategic management, asymmetry, federalism, national and federal relations, subsidiarity, actor, national policy, strategy, monitoring.*

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RUSSIAN REGION IN THE SYSTEM OF THE NATIONAL AND FEDERAL RELATIONS

Part 2 SITUATION AND INFORMATION ANALYSIS

In the context of globalization and glocalization the problem of management of national and federal relations is of paramount importance for stabilization of the region and the country as a whole. The region plays a special role in the national and federal relations implementation which is caused on the one hand by it being the centre of economic, social and political activities of its population and on the other hand by the processes of ethnocultural transformation. The accumulation of the scientific and

financial resources in the region must introduce the innovativeness and consistency to the system of national and federal relations implementation. The author uses the method of situation and information analysis to increase the efficiency of the national and federal relations in the region. That allows us to consider the factors of economic uncertainty and randomness of objective and subjective conditions leading to national and federal contradictions.

Key words: *region, regional governance, federalism, national and federal relations, strategy, monitoring, situation and information analysis, contradictions.*

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THE ECONOMIC ATTRACTIVENESS OF THE INVESTMENT PROJECT BY THE EXAMPLE OF RECREATIONAL AREAS IN A PARTICULAR REGION

In the article the author determines the problem of innovative approach in addressing the search for and establishment of a mechanism for using the services of recreational areas with the large-scale accessibility to a wide segment of the population with average income level. Thorough and comprehensive inquiry into the problem of financial availability of the local recreational services enabled the author to draw attention to an important detail in organizing recreation and leisure activities of ordinary citizens of the region neighbouring the megapolises. Developed in cooperation with the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Limited liability company "R-invest" Shayakhmetova Rustem Raisovich, the investment project is to result in opening of the sanatorium-resort in the territory of the specially protected area in Gafurysky Region of the Republic of Bashkortostan. The resort is to provide a wide range of services to the public, primarily for family recreation.

Key words: *cluster, infrastructure; pilot project, recreation area, domestic tourism, family vacation.*

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INFORMATIONAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL MAINTENANCE OF WATER MANAGEMENT WITHIN MARKET ECONOMY

The author of the article examines the role and value of the water management within the market economy and the informational and technological maintenance of the infrastructure. The improvement of the water management in the market economy can be attributed to the fact that nowadays any infrastructure development is impossible without new technology and equipment. It is also notable that the use of new technologies and informational systems in the development of water management is underdeveloped in the Republic of Tajikistan. For its development in the Republic of Tajikistan it is important to find a stable financing source for the introducing of informational technologies to the water management and for its further secure functioning in this area.

Key words: *information, information technology, water management, water resources, information management, effective management, informatization, geographic information system, water management, monitoring, technology, systemic.*

ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF COMPETITION

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THE PLACE AND ROLE OF THE STATE UNITARY ENTERPRISE IN RUSSIAN ECONOMY

The authors of the article validate the place and role of the state unitary enterprise in Russian economy. For this purpose the authors chose the activity of state unitary enterprises as the subject of the research, and unitary enterprises execute a government order as the object of the research. The goal of research is the necessity of specifying the place and role of state unitary enterprises in Russian economy. The research objectives: to identify and characterize the indicators allowing to evaluate the state unitary enterprise performance; to analyze the existing approaches to the quantitative enterprise efficiency evaluation based on various principles; to evaluate the effectiveness of the management system called the balanced scorecard. The scientific novelty of this research is to justify a number of restrictions to the formation of the financing sources of state unitary enterprises that are imposed by the external environment. As the result of the conducted research the authors came to a conclusion that the production, economic and financial activity of industrial enterprises under modern conditions has its own peculiarities that arise due to the presence of various factors and limitations caused by the specifics of their organizational and legal structure. However, the efficiency of industrial enterprises activity and their ability to attract financial resources is determined primarily on the basis of data on the state and dynamics of major economic indicators.

Key words: Civil Code of the Russian Federation, state unitary enterprises, major economic indicators; financial resources, managerial system; patterns of ownership; government order, financing sources, state customer, environmental factors.

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CURRENT TRENDS OF SERVICE COMPANIES DEVELOPMENT

The development of information technologies is one of the most important factors influencing not only on the improvement of the services sector but the economy as a whole. Information technologies perform the strategic functions of business, they manage structures, systems and objects as well as informational, material and financial flows, automated work sites and personnel. At the present moment the mobile technologies are the most developing streamline of information technologies. Mobile technology application both in business as a whole and in services sector in particular seems to be quite promising and topical taking into account the huge territory of Russia. The means of mobile technologies can successfully ensure the transmission of digital data and multimedia information as well as qualitative and stable broadband communication, internet access in many remote regions of Russia. The information technology impact analysis upon the development of the service companies is performed in the article. The authors analyse the transformation of the services provision implementing the most up-to-date information technologies. The course of using mobile technology in the services sector along with the mobile application market are defined in the article. The main tendencies of the mobile technology market development in the coming years and their impact on the business processes are reviewed. A foreign experience of the mobile technology use in the services sector is considered. To increase the efficiency of the service companies the authors establish the conditions required for the successful use of the up-to-date mobile technologies in the service companies activities.

Key words: *services, services sector, mobility, mobile application, mobile technologies, information technologies, competitiveness, service companies, quality of services, efficiency of the service companies.*

TOOLS OF FINANCIAL AND INVESTMENT RISK PREDICTION

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TURNOVER ACCELERATION OF INVENTORY — THE MOST IMPORTANT RESERVE OF CIRCULATION COSTS SAVING

The article is about the essence of inventory and their management value at the level of retail enterprises as well as the analytical approach to the analysis of inventory turnover that allows to see the existing problems in their management. The authors present a practical approach to the index computation of average-level circulation costs, the expenditure capacity of the trade turnover that allows to map out the cost saving reserves of the economic entity as well as to evaluate the situation in inventory management or the release resulting in the increase of monetary assets or the immobilization followed by additional attraction of monetary assets. All the above allows the financial and economic retail services to predict the average-level circulation costs allowing to decrease the total of circulation costs.

Key words: *assets, trade stock, stock management, circulation costs, turnover, assortment of goods, expenditure capacity of the trade turnover.*

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ACCOUNTING FOR LEASE RELATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

International financial reporting standards (IFRS) represent the complete and conceptually stable system of financial reporting standards that meet the requirements of the international business community. Modern regulatory processes of accounting and reporting in Russia are characterized by ever-growing use of IFRS. The new standard IFRS 16 "Leases" fundamentally change the accounting procedure for the lease arrangements. IFRS 16 cancels the current dual model of lease accounting.

Key words: *international financial reporting standards, International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee, accounting procedures, financial reporting, rent, lease statements, IFRS 16 «Leases», lessee.*

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LEGAL MECHANICS ANALYSIS OF INTEGRATED INVESTMENT PROJECTS FINANCING

The current condition of the legal mechanics of the financial support of integrated investment projects is discussed in the article. The main financing sources of trading estates, industrial parks, and technological clusters, territories of priority development and special economic zones as well as the legal instrument of subsidizing the integrated investment projects are identified.

Key words: *financial support, integrated investment projects, industrial parks, territories of priority development, special economic zones.*

APPLIED MATHEMATICS IN ECONOMICS

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ON METHOD FOR DETERMINING THE CRITICAL PATH IN TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS

The article contains the description of the main methods for solving the transportation problems involving the selection of the critical path. The alternate solutions of the transportation problems are given including the search for the minimal and maximal critical path with new conditions and restrictions. The author talks about the application of the method algorithm for the teaching and learning of the linear programming basics during lectures and practice. The author gives the examples of determining the minimal and maximal critical path with the use of optimization function in the context of MS Excel.

Key words: *optimization, algorithm, solution method, critical path, transportation problem.*

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EVALUATION OF KNOWLEDGE INPUT IN THE ECONOMIC GROWTH OF THE REPUBLIC OF BASHKORTOSTAN

The results of evaluation of the knowledge input into production are presented in the article. With the use of the model of Cobb-Douglas production function the author proves the gross regional product dependence on the number of people employed in the production and education investments including retraining in Bashkortostan. The graph of gross regional product clearly shows that coefficients estimated by linear regression give more accurate approximation if two parameters are examined (the number of people employed in the production and education costs including retraining costs). The influence of combined education costs is of average 7.21% of overall logarithm sum.

Key words: *knowledge input estimation, regional economic growth, Cobb-Douglas production function, gross regional product, number of employed, education and retraining costs, computation of production function logarithm regression, dispersion analysis, linear regression coefficient estimates, graph of gross regional product.*